

Statewide Survey on Maternal Mortality in Georgia

October 2023

Highlights from a public opinion survey conducted in October 2023

Survey Methodology

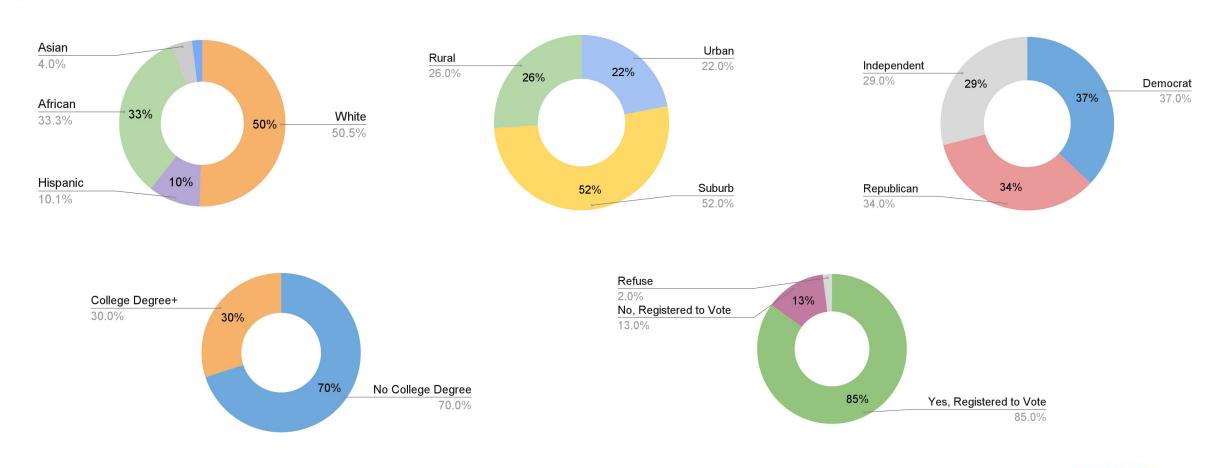
This online survey was conducted by Zogby Analytics on behalf of Research!America and Emory University in October 2023, among 803 adults plus 606 additional adults for minority oversampling. Subsets of the data have a larger margin of error than the full data set. The sample is weighted to best represent the demographics of the population being surveyed. Weighted variables may include age, race, gender, region, party, education, and religion.

This survey has a theoretical sampling error of +/- 3.5 percentage points.* For minority oversampling groups, group sizes are as follows: African Americans: sample size = 305, margin of error = +/-5.6 percentage points. Hispanic: sample size = 201, margin of error = +/-6.9 percentage points. Asian: sample size = 100, margin of error = +/- 9.8 percentage points.

*Due to rounding, the total may not add up to 100 on some slides



Demographics of Survey Respondents Consistent with Census Data

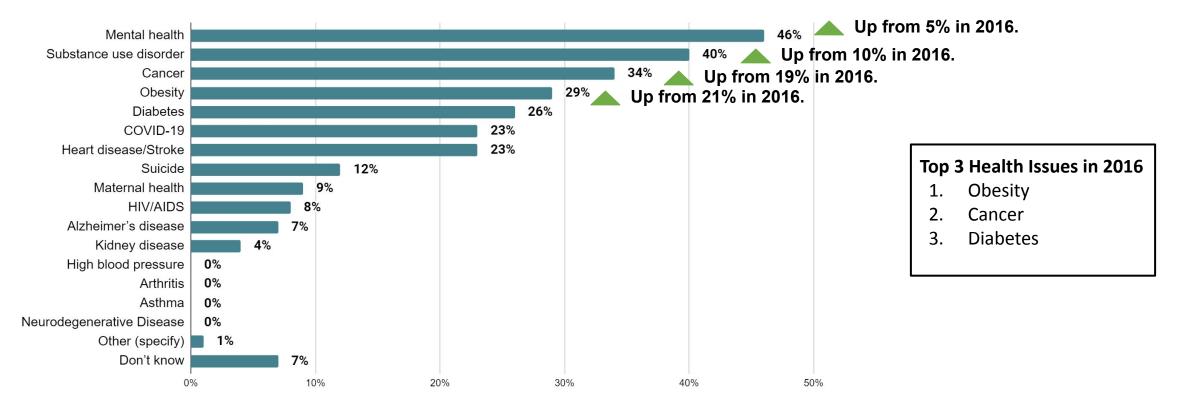






Mental health named as top health issue facing Georgians

What are the most important health issues facing people in Georgia today? (Choose top three)

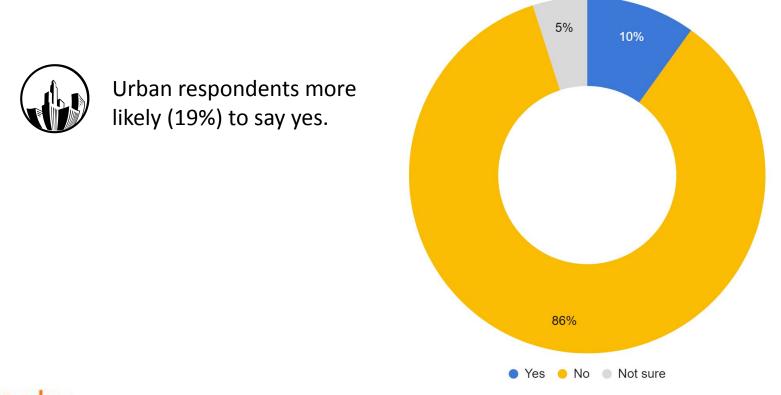






10% of Georgians know of someone who has died during pregnancy, at delivery, or soon after birth

Do you know of someone (friend or family) who has died during pregnancy, at delivery, or within 12 months after the end of the pregnancy where death was related to the pregnancy?







57% of Georgians have been or know someone who has experienced pregnancy complications

Have you or someone you know (friend or family) experienced complications during pregnancy? Higher blood pressure during pregnancy (Pre-55% eclampsia) Baby born early (Pre-term labor) 50% 7% Excessive bleeding (Hemorrhaging) 26% 19% Blood clots 7% Obstruction of an artery by air bubble (Embolism) 6% Problems with heart muscle (Cardiomyopathy) 36% Severe infection 6% Other 13% Not sure 38% 0% 20% 40%

Yes, myself Yes, someone I know ONO Not sure

Rural respondents

more likely (65%)

know experienced

to say they or

someone they

complications.

Source: A Research! America survey of adults in Georgia conducted in partnership with the Emory University and Zogby Analytics in October 2023.

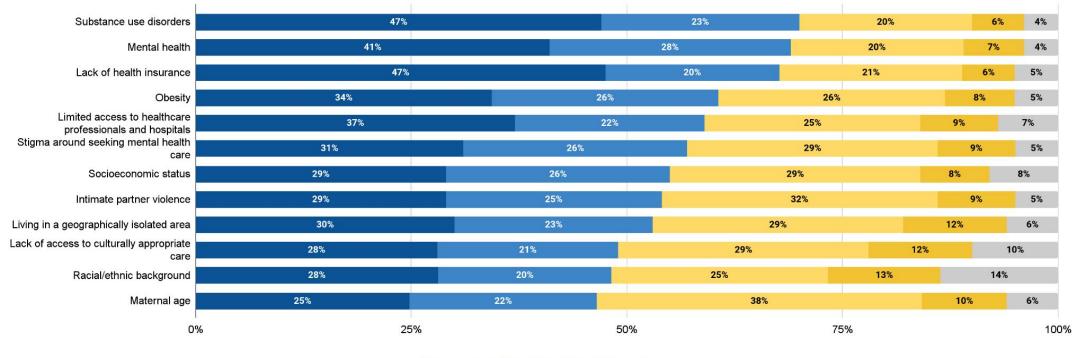
What pregnancy complication(s) did you or they experience?



60%

Georgians say substance use, mental health, and lack of insurance are top factors increasing risk of maternal mortality

To what extent to do you think the following factors contribute to an increased risk of maternal mortality from 1 to 5, with 1 being 'not at all' and 5 being 'a great deal'



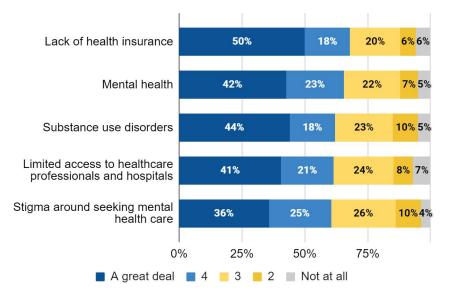
🔳 A great deal 🔳 4 📒 3 📕 2 🔲 Not at all





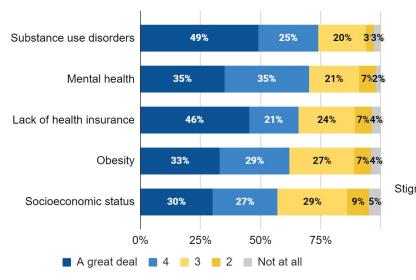
Substance use, mental health, and lack of insurance are top factors increasing risk of maternal mortality among African American, Non-Hispanic White, and Hispanic respondents

To what extent to do you think the following factors contribute to an increased risk of maternal mortality from 1 to 5, with 1 being 'not at all' and 5 being 'a great deal'

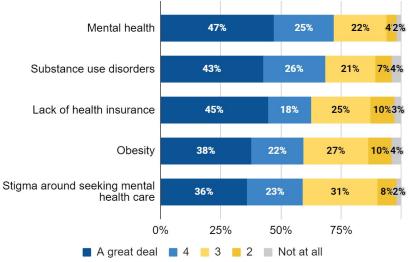


African American Respondents

Non-Hispanic White Respondents



Hispanic Respondents

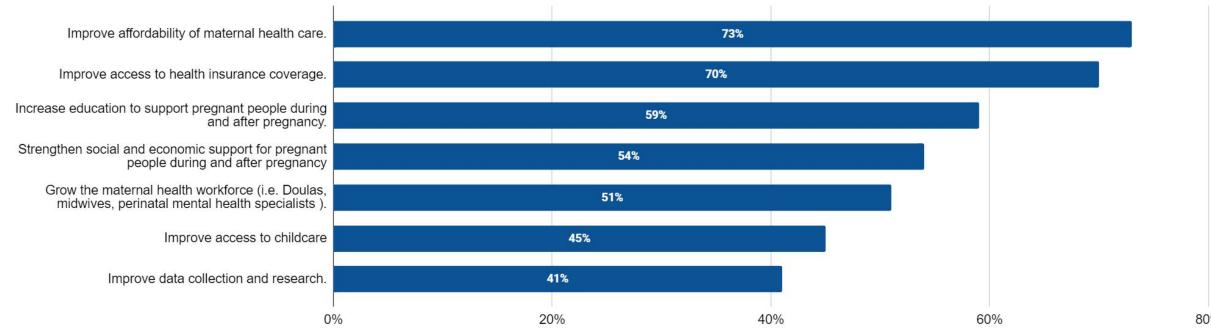






Georgians say affordability of care and access to insurance are top priorities to reducing maternal mortality

Which of the following areas should be prioritized in order to reduce maternal mortality? (Choose all that apply)



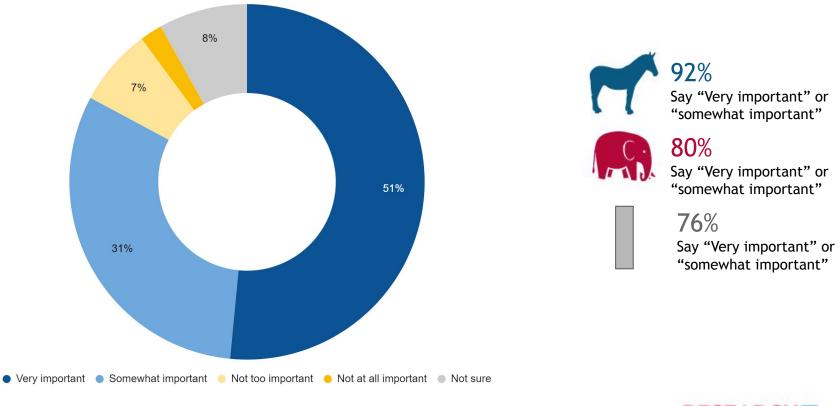


Source: A Research! America survey of adults in Georgia conducted in partnership with the Emory University and Zogby Analytics in October 2023.

80%

8 in 10 say it's important for Georgia to increase investment in initiatives to reduce maternal mortality

How important is it for the state of Georgia to increase investment in initiatives to reduce maternal mortality?

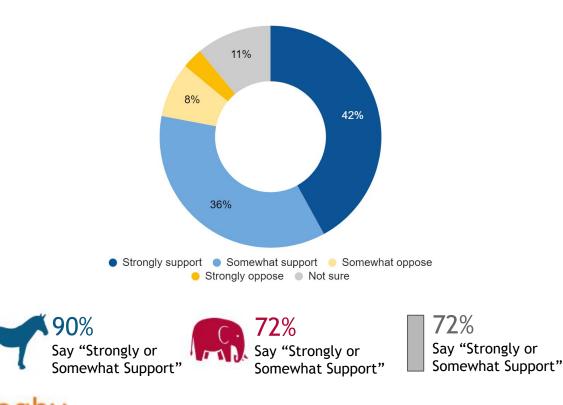




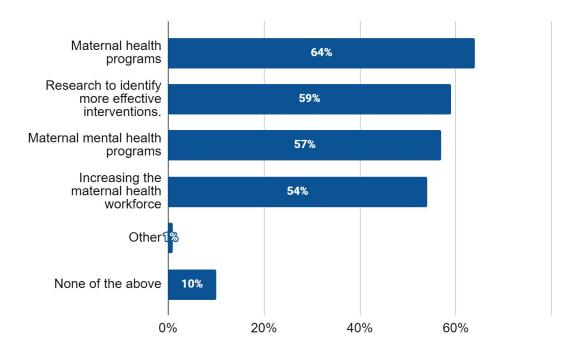


8 in 10 support including maternal mortality as a state budget line item

Would you support or oppose including research to prevent maternal mortality as a line item in the Georgia state budget?



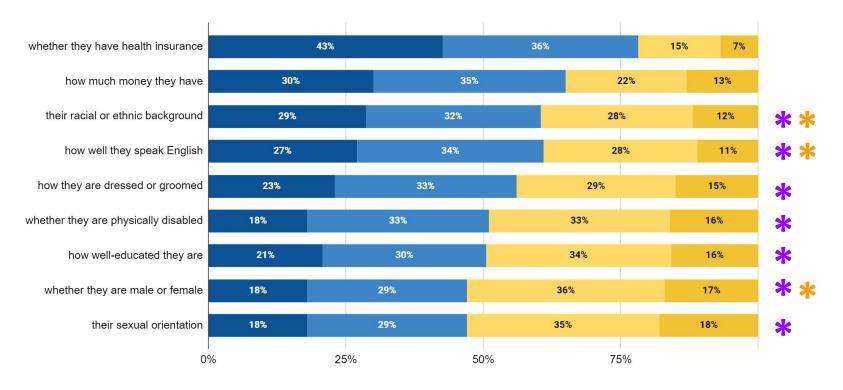
Which of the following would you support including in the Georgia state budget for reducing maternal mortality.





Georgians note health insurance, socioeconomic status, and race/ethnicity as top reasons for unfair treatment.

Generally speaking, how often do you think our health care system treats people unfairly based on:



* African Americans more likely to say people are treated unfairly.

* Hispanics more likely to say people are treated unfairly.

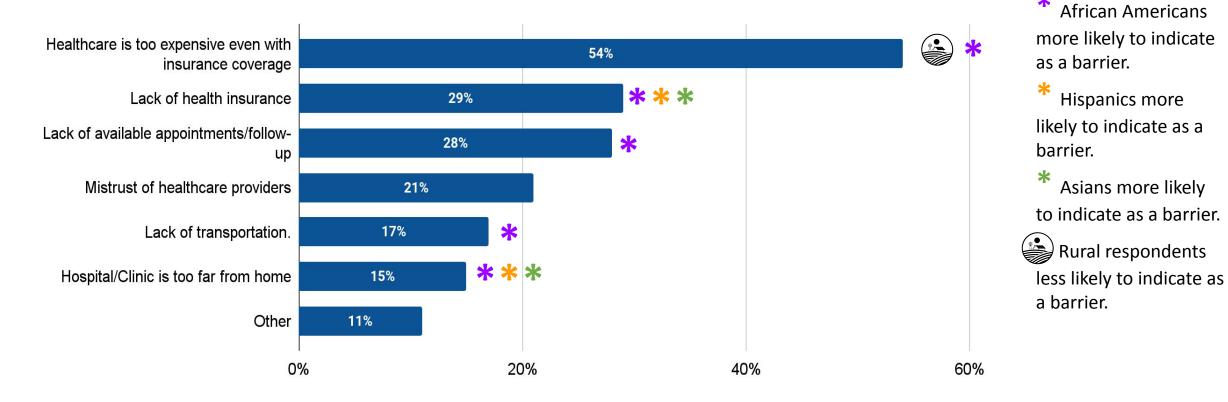
Very often Somewhat often Not too often Never





Georgians say cost is biggest barrier for accessing quality care

What are biggest barriers to you accessing quality healthcare? (Choose all that apply)





Source: A Research! America survey of adults in Georgia conducted in partnership with the Emory University and Zogby Analytics in October 2023.

RESEARCH AMERICA DISCOVERY INNOVATION. HEALTH

1 in 3 think racism is a major obstacle in achieving equal health outcomes

Do you think racism is an obstacle to people achieving equal health outcomes ?

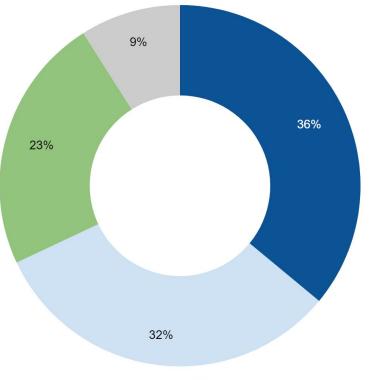


Urban more likely (44%) to say it is a major obstacle.



Rural less likely (28%) to say it is a major obstacle.

African Americans (49%) more likely to say it is a major obstacle.



Major obstacle
Minor obstacle
Not an obstacle
Don't know

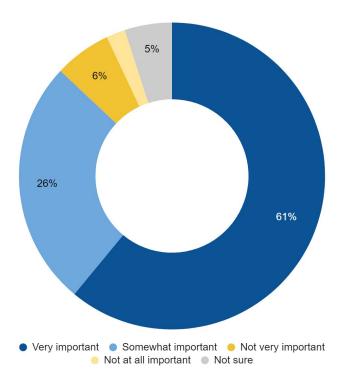




9 in 10 say it is important to conduct research on health disparities

Studies show that some health problems such as cancer, diabetes, heart disease, and maternal mortality happen more often among certain groups of people like those with lower incomes, those that lack health insurance, and those that live in rural areas. How important do you feel it is to conduct research to combat health disparities?

Hispanics (94%) more likely to say it is important.







Georgians are hopeful about maternal mortality, but concerns remain

Please select from the following the top five words that best reflect your attitudes toward the future of maternal health in Georgia:

HOPEFUL 74% **CONCERNED** 70% **OPEN-MINDED 55% OPTIMISTIC** 54% CAUTIOUS 50% CURIOUS 42% ENGAGED 33% WORRIED 29% HESITANT 26% UNIFORMED 25% FXCITED 17% PESSIMISTIC 13% **UNINTERESTED 13%**





Georgians are hopeful about maternal mortality, but concerns remain

Please select from the following the top five words that best reflect your attitudes toward the future of maternal health in Georgia:

African American Respondents

CONCERNED HOPEFUL 59% OPEN-MINDED 43% OPTIMISTIC 41% UNINFORMED 41%

40%

ENGAGED CURIOUS 39% HESITANT 36% EXCITED 34% CAUTIOUS 33% WORRIED 29% UNINTERESTED 20% PESSIMISTIC 7% Non-Hispanic White Respondents

HOPEFUL 77% CONCERNED 68% OPEN-I 62% 56% CALITIONS 52% 40% FNGAG 27% WORRIFD 27% HESITANT 25% **UNIFORMED 24% PESSIMISTIC 15%** EXCITED 14%

Hispanic Respondents

HOPEF 85% OPTIMIST 74% ICFRN 67% CURIOUS 52% 41% FNGAGED 38% **OPEN- MINDED 34% UNIFORMED 29%** 18% 17% EXCITED UNITERESTED 17% 15% PESSIMISTIC 14%



Source: A Research!America survey of adults in Georgia conducted in partnership with the Emory University and Zogby Analytics in October 2023.

UNINTERESTED 13%

